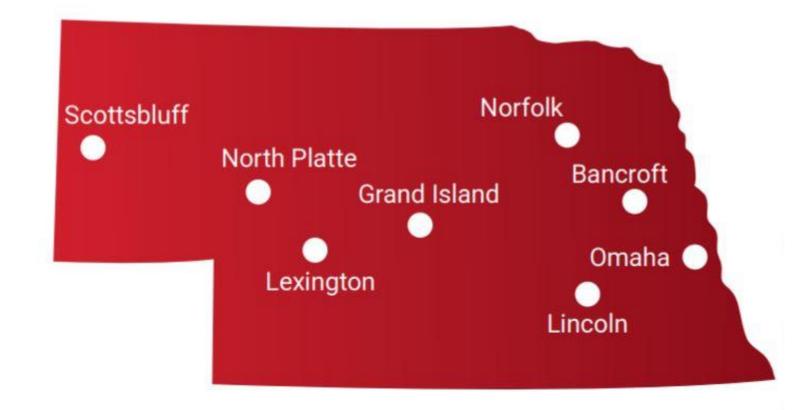
Legal Aid FNEBRASKA

Nebraska Public Engagement Project Your Rights in Court



As Nebraska's largest nonprofit law firm, we serve:

- 8 locations.
- 93 counties.
- 1 unified goal.



Native American Program

- Four Attorneys
- Seven People Total
- Targeted legal assistance to Native Americans across Nebraska.
 - Tribal Court



How We Help

- Direct Legal Assistance
 - Advice
 - Brief Service
 - Representation
- Self Help
 - Law Help Nebraska
 - A₂J
 - Trainings

Legal Education



Priorities



Eviction/foreclosure

- Unsafe conditions in rental unit
- · Utility shut off/risk of shut off
- Return of security deposit

CHILDREN & FAMILIES

- Protection from abuse
- Juvenile record sealing
- Divorce, custody and child support



- Bankruptcy
- Debt collection
- Wage and bank garnishment
- Student loan debt
- Tax and medical debt



- Disability benefits
- Public assistance programs (ADC, SNAP, Medicaid)
- Unpaid wages



Limitations

- Income requirements
- Conflicts of Interest
- Resources



Get Help

• Call Us – Native American AccessLine

- Monday Friday
- 9:00 a.m. 12:00 p.m.
- 1-800-729-9908
- Apply online
 - Law Help Nebraska: LawHelpNE.org
- Office Hours
 - Santee, Macy, Winnebago, Omaha, and more...





KNOW YOUR RIGHTS IN COURT



COMPLAINT

- Written document asking a court to do something.
 - To award a parent custody.
 - To issue a domestic violence protection order.
 - To find someone guilty of a crime
 - To order another person to pay money.



- KNOW YOUR RIGHTS -FILING FEES

- Often, a fee is required to start a case in court.
 - Exception Most Domestic Violence Protection Orders
- Filing fees often can be waived.
 - Motion to Proceed In Forma Pauperis



- KNOW YOUR RIGHTS -COURT APPOINTED COUNSEL

- Criminal proceedings
- Juveniles in delinquency proceedings.
- Parents in juvenile abuse/neglect proceedings.
- Defendants in state-initiated paternity proceedings.
- Persons alleged to have acted in contempt of court.
- **Does not apply in tribal court.



- KNOW YOUR RIGHTS -DUE PROCESS

- Federal, State, and many Tribal Constitutions prohibit their governments from depriving a person of life, liberty, and property without due process of law.
- Generally requires Courts to not take action against a person, unless:
 - Notice
 - Opportunity to be Heard



NOTICE

- Personal Service
 - Service by Mail
 - Alternate Service
- Summons
- Proof of Service



OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD

• First Response

- Answer/Plea in Court Do not ignore!!
- Discovery
 - Informal/Formal (Written Questions/Request for Documents/Subpoenas) – Do not ignore!!
- Trial



TRIAL

- Opportunity to present evidence relevant to case.
- Judges and juries are required to decide cases only based on the evidence presented at trial.
 - The statements in the complaint, answer, and other things filed with the court often cannot be considered.
- Types of Evidence
 - Witnesses
 - Documents



- KNOW YOUR RIGHTS – TRIAL

• Tips on presenting evidence:

- In order to testify, witnesses usually must be present in court.
- Witnesses can only testify about their personal knowledge.
- Judges and Juries will not gather evidence after trial.



- KNOW YOUR RIGHTS -AFTER TRIAL

- Motion for New Trial
- Appeal
- Criminal Set-Asides, Pardons, and Record Sealing



- Nebraska State Court Cases Only
- Criminal Set Asides
 - "Nullifies" Conviction; Record remains open to public view; Good first step to a pardon.
- Eligible if:
 - 1) Not originally sentenced to jail; 2) Satisfactory completed probation,
 3) Paid all fines. -- Helps to have a clean record for two years.



Pardons

- Official forgiveness by the state; granted by Board of Pardons
- Must be 3 years since sentence ended; 10 years for felonies
- Alcohol related offenses and traffic offenses are difficult.
- Criminal record can be sealed from public view
- Restores civil rights



- Record Sealing
 - Removes criminal record from public record; can answer "No".
 - Eligible if case ended in something other than conviction.
 - Automatic if case ended in 2017 or later, must ask if earlier.
 - If conviction 1) pardon, 2) sex trafficking crime -if- set aside



- Juvenile Record Sealing
 - Juvenile Delinquency Records must be sealed if juvenile completed everything the judge required.
 - Even if not, can ask record be sealed.
 - Court must seal records if juvenile has been "rehabilitated to a satisfactory degree".





LegalAidOfNebraska.org

We make equal justice happen.