

## Microservice Architecture

Key Drivers & Barriers In Adopting Microservices



## **Agenda**

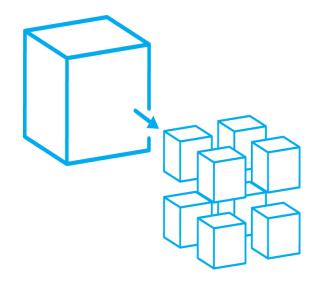
- What are Microservices ?
- Characteristics of Microservices
- Key Drivers & Barriers in adopting Microservices
- ➤ OES Microservice Architecture (Current State)
- OES Microservice Implementation (Case Study)
- > Limitations of OES Microservice Architecture (Current State)
- OES Microservice Architecture (Future State)
- > Q & A



### What are Microservices?

Microservices (aka microservice architecture) is an architectural style that structures an application as a collection of services that are:

- Independently deployable
- Loosely coupled
- Organized around business capabilities



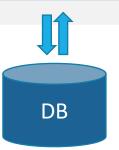
# Monolithic Architecture

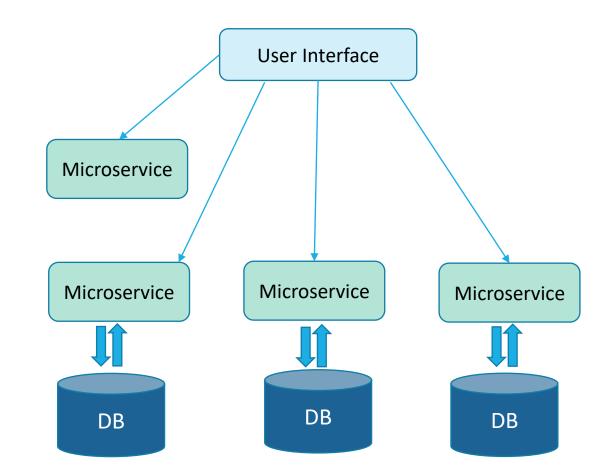
#### Microservices Architecture

User Interface

Business Logic

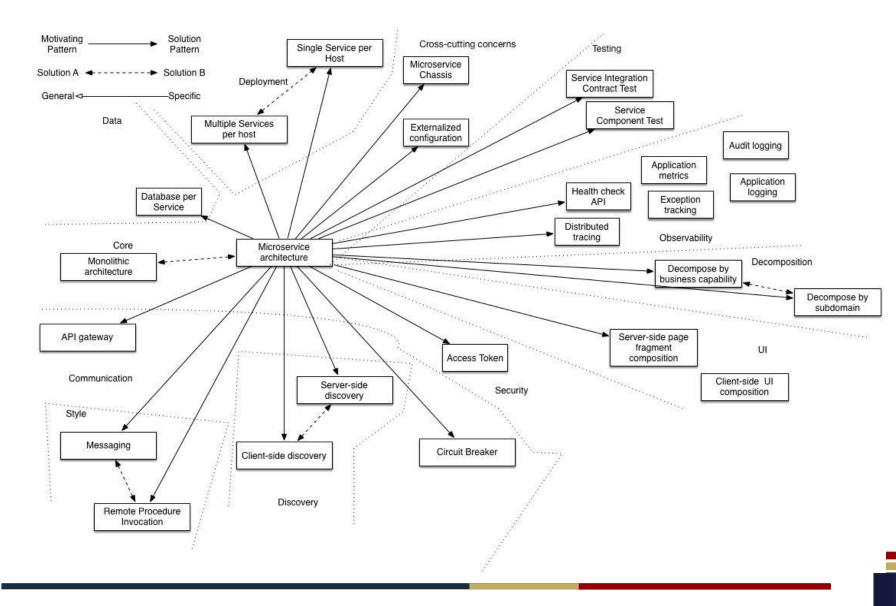
Data Layer







### Microservice Characteristics





## Key Drivers & Barriers In Adopting Microservices

#### **Key Drivers for Adopting Microservices:**

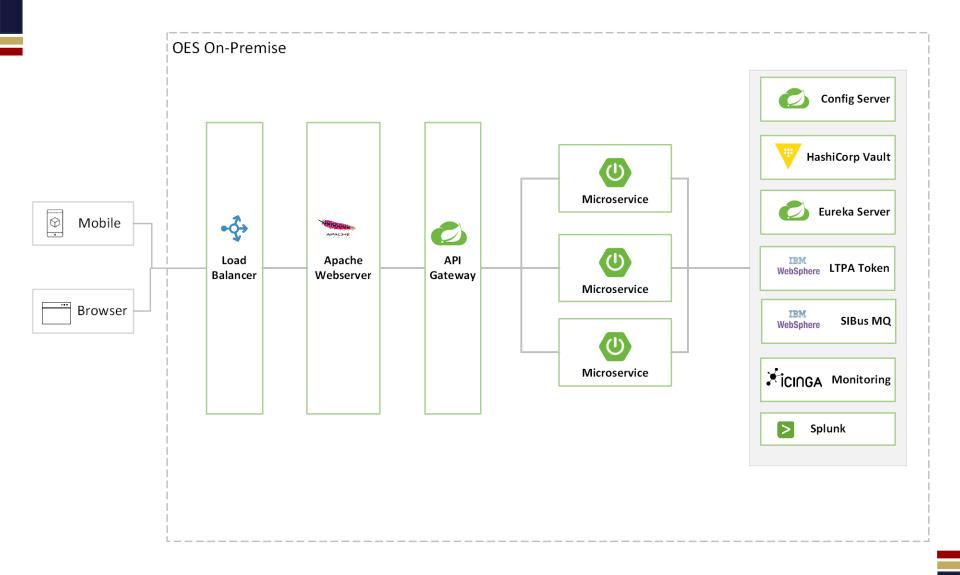
- Faster and simpler deployments
- High Reliability
- High Availability & Scalability
- Design autonomy

#### **Barriers to Adopting Microservices:**

- Cost of Migration & ROI
- Legacy Systems Integration
- Cultural Shift
- Complexity
- Operational Overhead



### **OES Microservice Architecture (Current State)**



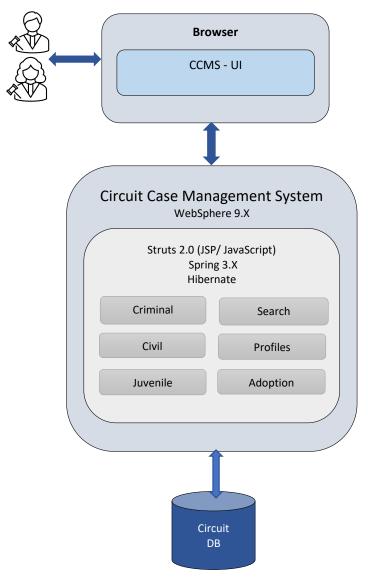


#### **OES Microservice Platform (Current State)**

- IBM Open Liberty Server
- Open JDK 11/17 (IBM Semeru Runtimes)
- Spring Cloud
  - Eureka Service Discovery
  - Spring Cloud API Gateway
  - Spring Cloud Config Service
  - Spring Boot
  - Spring Actuator
  - ❖ Spring Sleuth \ Micrometer
- Hashicorp's Vault (Secrets / Sensitive Data)
- Jenkins CI/CD
- SonarQube (Code Quality & Static Code Analysis)
- JFrog Xray (Vulnerability Scanning)
- Splunk (Distributed Logging & Analytics)



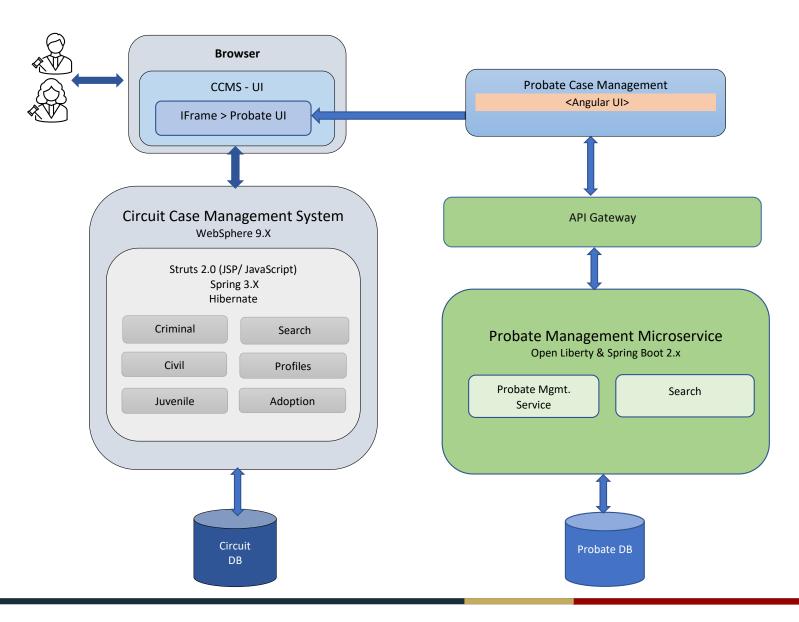
OES Microservice Adoption (Case Study)



Monolithic Architecture



### OES Microservice Adoption (Case Study contd..)



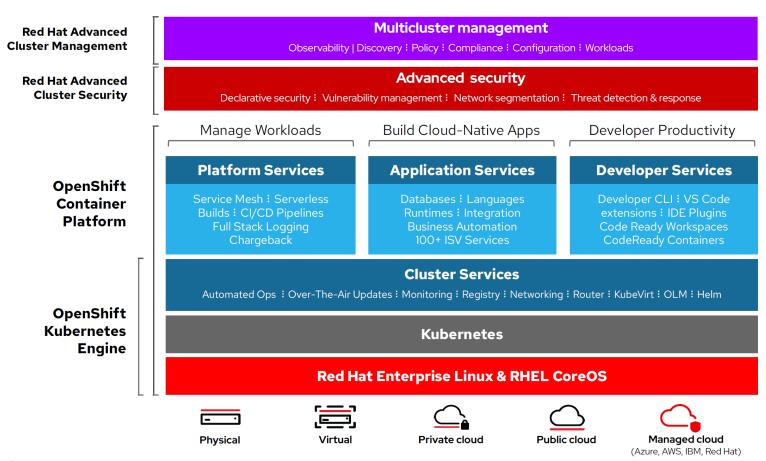


### Limitations of Our Current MS Architecture

- Isolation: Hosting multiple microservices per host or VM can lead to potential dependency clashes
- **Dependency Management:** Managing dependencies between microservices becomes more manual and error-prone.
- **Deployment Complexity & Consistency**: Increased complexity of build & deployment pipelines.
- Scaling Challenges: Manual & less dynamic scaling
- Resource Utilization: Increased overhead and less efficient resource utilization

## OES Microservice Architecture (Future State)

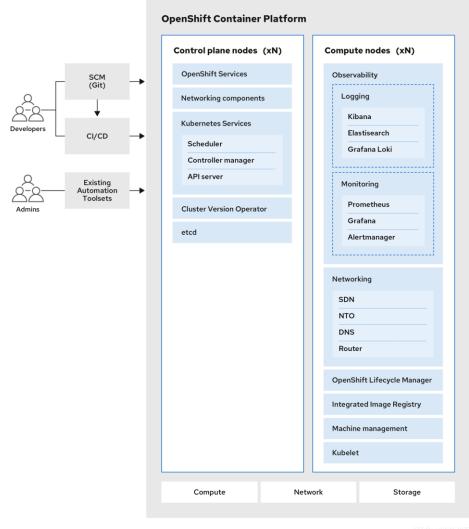
## OpenShift Container Platform





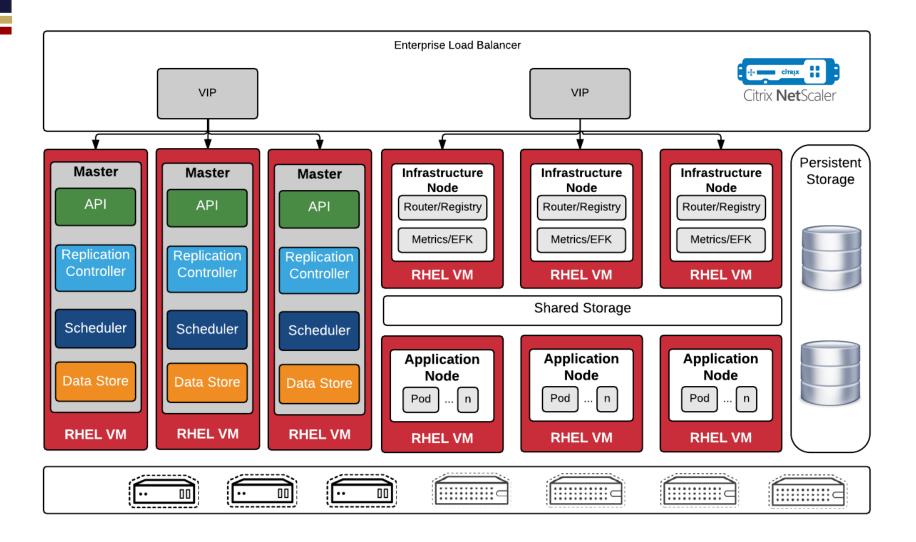
Red Hat

#### **OES Microservice Architecture (Future State)**



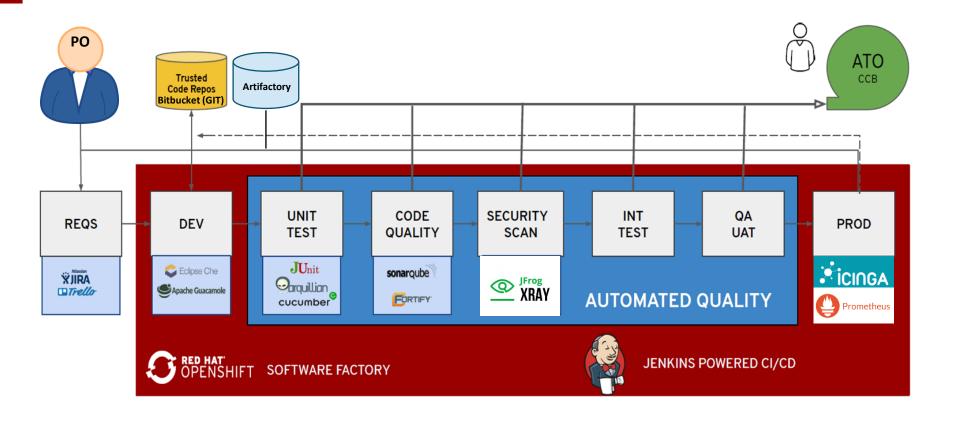


#### OES Microservice Architecture (Future State)





## OES DevSecOps (Future State)





Q & A

